

# Safety Data Sheet

## BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

Safety Data Sheet dated 26/1/2018, version 5

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:  
Trade name: BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM  
Trade code: T044  
Product type and use: tintometric system

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use:

Tintometric system

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations\* at industrial sites

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

PC9a Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Uses advised against:

SU21 Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

Lyquid Specialty Coatings 176 New Highway N. Amityville, NY 11701

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

PHONE: (516)736-3476

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC

US – 1-800-424-9300 Outside US - +1-703-527-3887 Contract # 994348

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

- ⚠ Warning, Flam. Liq. 3, Flammable liquid and vapour.
- ⚠ Warning, Skin Irrit. 2, Causes skin irritation.
- ⚠ Warning, Eye Irrit. 2, Causes serious eye irritation.
- ⚠ Warning, STOT SE 3, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- ⚠ Warning, STOT RE 2, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aquatic Chronic 3, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

#### Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash ... Thoroughly after handling.

P370+P378 In case of fire, use a dry powder fire extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### Special Provisions:

None

#### Contains

n-butyl acetate

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boilin

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

xylene [4]

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

Restricted to professional users.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

#### Other Hazards:

No other hazards

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

N.A.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Number	Classification
>= 30% - < 40%	n-butyl acetate	Index number: 607-025-00-1 CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1 REACH No.: 01-2119485493-29	⚠ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 ⚠ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336 EUH066
>= 12.5% - < 15%	aluminium powder (stabilised)	Index number: 013-002-00-1 CAS: 7429-90-5 EC: 231-072-3 REACH No.: 01-2119529243-45	2.12/2 Water-react. 2 H261 2.7/1 Flam. Sol. 1 H228
>= 12.5% - < 15%	xylene [4]	Index number: 601-022-00-9 CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 REACH No.: 01-2119488216-32	2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 3.9/2 STOT RE 2 H373 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304



Safety Data Sheet  
BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

>= 3% - < 5%	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boilin	Index number: 649-330-00-2 CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 REACH No.: 01-2119490979-12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226</li> <li>◆ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> <li>◆ 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304</li> <li>◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336</li> <li>◆ 4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411</li> </ul>
>= 1% - < 3%	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Index number: 649-356-00-4 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 REACH No.: 01-2119455851-35	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226</li> <li>◆ 4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411</li> <li>◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335</li> <li>◆ 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304</li> <li>◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336</li> <li>EUH066</li> <li>DECLP (CLP)*</li> </ul>
>= 1% - < 3%	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Index number: 607-195-00-7 CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 REACH No.: 01-2119475791-29	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226</li> </ul>
>= 0.25% - < 0.5%	ethylbenzene	Index number: 601-023-00-4 CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 REACH No.: 01-2119489370-35	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ 2.6/2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225</li> <li>◆ 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332</li> <li>◆ 3.9/2 STOT RE 2 H373</li> <li>◆ 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304</li> </ul>
>= 0.25% - < 0.5%	2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve	Index number: 603-014-00-0 CAS: 111-76-2 EC: 203-905-0 REACH No.: 01-2119475108-36	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332</li> <li>◆ 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312</li> <li>◆ 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302</li> <li>◆ 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319</li> <li>◆ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> </ul>
>= 0.1% - < 0.25%	1-methoxy-2-propanol	Index number: 603-064-00-3 CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 REACH No.: 01-2119457435-35	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226</li> <li>◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336</li> </ul>
>= 0.1% - < 0.25%	o-xylene	Index number: 601-022-00-9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226</li> <li>◆ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> </ul>



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

		CAS: EC:	108-38-3 203-576-3	◇ 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312 ◇ 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332
879 ppm	ethanol; ethyl alcohol	Index number: CAS: EC:	603-002-00-5 64-17-5 200-578-6	◇ 2.6/2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225
760 ppm	o-xylene	Index number: CAS: EC:	601-022-00-9 106-42-3 203-396-5	◇ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 ◇ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 ◇ 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312 ◇ 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332
609 ppm	o-xylene	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	601-022-00-9 95-47-6 202-422-2 01-2119485822-30	◇ 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 ◇ 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 ◇ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 ◇ 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312 ◇ 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332 ◇ 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 ◇ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335
388 ppm	methanol	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	603-001-00-X 67-56-1 200-659-6 01-2119433307-44	◇ 2.6/2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225 ◇ 3.1/3/Inhal Acute Tox. 3 H331 ◇ 3.1/3/Dermal Acute Tox. 3 H311 ◇ 3.1/3/Oral Acute Tox. 3 H301 ◇ 3.8/1 STOT SE 1 H370

\*DECLP (CLP): Substance classified in accordance with Note P, Annex VI of EC Regulation (EC) 1272/2008. The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7). When the substance is not classified as a carcinogen at least the precautionary statements (P102-)P260-P262-P301 + P310-P331 (Table 3.1) or the S-phrases (2-)23-24-62 (Table 3.2) shall apply. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Part 3.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

##### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

##### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

- 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed  
In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).  
Treatment:  
None

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#### 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

- 5.1. Extinguishing media  
Suitable extinguishing media:  
In case of fire, use a dry powder fire extinguisher to extinguish.  
Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:  
None in particular.
- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture  
Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.  
Burning produces heavy smoke.
- 5.3. Advice for firefighters  
Use suitable breathing apparatus .  
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.  
Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

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#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures  
Wear personal protection equipment.  
Remove all sources of ignition.  
Remove persons to safety.  
See protective measures under point 7 and 8.
- 6.2. Environmental precautions  
Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.  
Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.  
In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.  
Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up  
Wash with plenty of water.
- 6.4. Reference to other sections  
See also section 8 and 13

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#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- 7.1. Precautions for safe handling  
Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.  
Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.  
Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.  
Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.  
Do not eat or drink while working.  
See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.
- 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities  
Always keep in a well ventilated place.  
Store at below 20 °C. Keep away from unguarded flame and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.  
Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.  
Keep away from food, drink and feed.  
Incompatible materials:  
None in particular.  
Instructions as regards storage premises:



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

Cool and adequately ventilated.

- 7.3. Specific end use(s)  
None in particular

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 50 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: Eye and URT irr

OEL 8h - 150 ppm

OEL short - 200 ppm

aluminium powder (stabilised) - CAS: 7429-90-5

EU - TWA(8h): 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Notes: polvere respirabile

EU - TWA(8h): 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Notes: polvere totale inalabile

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Notes: (R), A4 - Pneumoconiosis, LRT irr, neurotoxicity

xylene [4] - CAS: 1330-20-7

MAK - TWA: 100 ppm - STEL: 200 ppm - Notes: D, Skin

EU - TWA(8h): 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 100 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: A4, BEI - URT and eye irr, CNS impair

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boilin - CAS: 64742-82-1

ACGIH - TWA: 575 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. - CAS: 64742-95-6

TLV TWA - 100 mg/mq

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6

ACGIH - TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - Notes: H

EU - TWA(8h): 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - Notes: Skin

OEL - TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm

ethylbenzene - CAS: 100-41-4

EU - TWA(8h): 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - STEL: 884 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 200 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: A3, BEI - URT irr, kidney dam (nephropathy), cochlear impair

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2

EU - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: A3, BEI - Eye and URT irr

1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2

EU - TWA(8h): 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - STEL: 563 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 150 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 50 ppm - STEL: 100 ppm - Notes: A4 - Eye and URT irr

o-xylene - CAS: 108-38-3

EU - TWA(8h): 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 100 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: A4, BEI - URT and eye irr, CNS impair

ethanol; ethyl alcohol - CAS: 64-17-5

ACGIH - STEL: 1000 ppm - Notes: A3 - URT irr

o-xylene - CAS: 106-42-3

EU - TWA(8h): 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 100 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: A4, BEI - URT and eye irr, CNS impair

o-xylene - CAS: 95-47-6

EU - TWA(8h): 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 50 ppm - STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 100 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 100 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: A4, BEI - URT and eye irr, CNS impair

methanol - CAS: 67-56-1

EU - TWA(8h): 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 200 ppm - Notes: Skin

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 200 ppm - STEL: 250 ppm - Notes: Skin, BEI - Headache, eye dam,



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

dizziness, nausea

#### DNEL Exposure Limit Values

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

Worker Industry: 960 ppm - Consumer: 859.7 ppm - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 960 ppm - Consumer: 859.7 ppm - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 480 ppm - Consumer: 102.34 ppm - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 480 ppm - Consumer: 102.34 ppm - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

xylene [4] - CAS: 1330-20-7

Worker Industry: 289 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 174 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 180 mg/kg - Consumer: 108 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 77 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 14.8 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 1.6 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 289 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 174 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boilin - CAS: 64742-82-1

Consumer: 26 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Notes: die

Worker Industry: 44 mg/kg - Worker Professional: 44 mg/kg - Consumer: 26 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects - Notes: die

Worker Industry: 570 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Worker Professional: 570 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 570 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 330 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Worker Professional: 330 mg/l - Consumer: 71 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. - CAS: 64742-95-6

Worker Industry: 25 mg/kg - Consumer: 11 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 150 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 32 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 11 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6

Worker Industry: 153.5 mg/kg - Consumer: 54.8 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 33 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 1.67 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2

Worker Industry: 44.5 mg/kg - Consumer: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 426 ppm - Consumer: 135 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 13.4 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 123 ppm - Consumer: 50 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 75 mg/kg - Consumer: 38 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation -



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 3.2 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2  
Worker Industry: 369 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 43.9 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 553.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects  
Worker Industry: 50.6 mg/kg - Consumer: 18.1 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Consumer: 3.3 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

methanol - CAS: 67-56-1  
Worker Industry: 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Worker Professional: 260 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 50 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects  
Worker Industry: 40 mg/kg - Worker Professional: 40 mg/kg - Consumer: 8 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects - Notes: MG/KG/BW/DAY

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4  
Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.18 mg/l  
Target: Marine water - Value: 0.018 mg/l  
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.981 mg/kg  
Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.0981 mg/kg  
Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.0903 mg/kg - Notes: occasional release

xylene [4] - CAS: 1330-20-7  
Target: Marine water - Value: 0.327 mg/l  
Target: Air - Value: 0.327 mg/l - Type of hazard: emissione saltuaria  
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 12.46 mg/kg  
Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 12.46 mg/kg  
Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.31 mg/kg

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6  
Target: Air - Value: 0.635 mg/l  
Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 100 mg/l  
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 3.29 mg/kg  
Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.329 mg/kg  
Target: Marine water - Value: 0.0635 mg/l

2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2  
Target: Fresh Water - Value: 8.8 mg/l  
Target: Marine water - Value: 0.88 mg/l  
Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 463 mg/l  
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 34.6 mg/kg  
Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 3.46 mg/kg  
Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 3.13 mg/kg  
Target: Air - Value: 9.1 mg/l

1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2  
Target: Air - Value: 100 mg/l - Notes: occasional  
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 41.6 mg/l  
Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 4.17 mg/kg  
Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.47 mg/kg  
Target: Fresh Water - Value: 10 mg/l  
Target: Marine water - Value: 1 mg/l

methanol - CAS: 67-56-1  
Target: Fresh Water - Value: 154 mg/l  
Target: Marine water - Value: 15.4 mg/l  
Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 570.4 mg/l  
Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 100 mg/l  
Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 23.5 mg/kg

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

T044/5

Page n. 8 of 17





## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

Provide adequate ventilation through good general extraction using local exhaust ventilation. If concentrations of solvent or vapor exceed the OEL value, you have to wear respiratory protection.

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

NBR (nitrile rubber).

Respiratory protection:

Mask with filter "A" , brown colour

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

Appropriate engineering controls:

None

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Appearance and colour:	liquid gray	--	--
Odour:	solvent	--	--
Odour threshold:	solvent	--	--
pH:	N.A.	--	--
Melting point / freezing point:	N.A.	--	--
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	N.A.	--	--
Flash point:	25 ° C	--	--
Evaporation rate:	N.A.	--	--
Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.	--	--
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	N.A.	--	--
Vapour pressure:	N.A.	--	--
Vapour density:	>1	--	--
Relative density:	1.15±0.05	--	--
Solubility in water:	none	--	--
Solubility in oil:	N.A.	--	--
Partition coefficient (n-	N.A.	--	--



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

octanol/water):			
Auto-ignition temperature:	N.A.	--	--
Decomposition temperature:	N.A.	--	--
Viscosity:	>20" FORD8	--	--
Explosive properties:	N.A.	--	--
Oxidizing properties:	N.A.	--	--

#### 9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Miscibility:	N.A.	--	--
Fat Solubility:	N.A.	--	--
Conductivity:	N.A.	--	--
Substance Groups relevant properties	N.A.	--	--

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

---

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the product:

N.A.

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 21.2 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 10760 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 14000 mg/kg

xylene [4] - CAS: 1330-20-7

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat 20 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse 5627 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boilin - CAS: 64742-82-1

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 5 mg/l - Duration: 4h

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Irritant - Species: Rabbit Negative

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Test: Eye Irritant - Species: Rabbit Negative

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Test: Skin Sensitization Negative

h) STOT-single exposure:

Test: SIRO\_TOX GENERAL Positive - Notes: Può provocare sonnolenza o vertigine

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. - CAS: 64742-95-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 6193 mg/m3 - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 10.2 mg/l

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse 8532 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 5001 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Mouse > 35.7 mg/l - Duration: 4h - Notes: 6 hours

h) STOT-single exposure:

Test: Eye Irritant Positive

Test: Skin Irritant Positive

ethylbenzene - CAS: 100-41-4

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 3500 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 5000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat 4000 ppm - Duration: 4h

2- butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 1414 mg/kg - Notes: bw/day

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 3000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat 10 mg/l - Duration: 4h

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Irritant Positive

c) serious eye damage/irritation:

Test: Eye Irritant Positive

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Test: Skin Sensitization Negative

f) carcinogenicity:

Test: Carcinogenicity Negative - Notes: Test di Ames

1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 3700 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 10000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 31.59 ml/l - Duration: 4h

methanol - CAS: 67-56-1

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5300 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 15800 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 83.2 mg/l

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

T044/5



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

LD (RAT) oral, 10770 mg/kg  
xylene [4] - CAS: 1330-20-7  
LD50 (RAT) ORAL: 5000 MG/KG

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6  
LD50 (RAT) oral. 8532 mg/Kg  
LD50 (RAT) derm. >5000 mg/kg

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation (EU)2015/830 listed below must be considered as N.A.:

- a) acute toxicity;
- b) skin corrosion/irritation;
- c) serious eye damage/irritation;
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
- e) germ cell mutagenicity;
- f) carcinogenicity;
- g) reproductive toxicity;
- h) STOT-single exposure;
- i) STOT-repeated exposure;
- j) aspiration hazard.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.  
Do not use when plants are in flower: the product is toxic for bees.

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 62 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 205 mg/l - Duration h: 48

xylene [4] - CAS: 1330-20-7

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 1 mg/l - Duration h: 24

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 4.36 mg/l - Duration h: 73

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 2.6 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Algae = 0.44 mg/l - Duration h: 73

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Daphnia = 1.57 mg/l - Notes: 21g

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Fish = 1.4 mg/l - Notes: 56g

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy; Low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from a catalytic hydrodesulfurization process. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C7 through C12 and boilin - CAS: 64742-82-1

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 30 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: OECD TG 201

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Fish = 0.13 mg/l - Notes: 28 d

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 20 mg/l - Duration h: 48 - Notes: OECD TG 201

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Daphnia = 0.09 mg/l - Notes: 28 d

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Algae = 10 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: OECD TG 201

Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Algae = 0.22 mg/l - Duration h: 72

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. - CAS: 64742-95-6

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 9.22 mg/l - Duration h: 96

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 180 mg/l - Duration h: 96

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 380 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 2000 mg/l - Duration h: 72

ethylbenzene - CAS: 100-41-4

## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

- a) Aquatic acute toxicity:  
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 1.7 mg/l - Duration h: 96  
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 2.6 mg/l - Duration h: 72  
Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 4.2 mg/l - Duration h: 96  
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 2 mg/l - Duration h: 48  
2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2
- a) Aquatic acute toxicity:  
Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 1490 mg/l - Duration h: 96  
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 1700 mg/l - Duration h: 48  
1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2
- a) Aquatic acute toxicity:  
Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish > 4600 mg/l - Duration h: 96  
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 23300 mg/l - Duration h: 48
- 12.2. Persistence and degradability  
None  
n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4  
Biodegradability: Easily biodegradable - Test: N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - %: 83 - Notes: 28 days  
xylene [4] - CAS: 1330-20-7  
Biodegradability: Easily biodegradable - Test: N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - %: N.A. - Notes: N.A.  
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. - CAS: 64742-95-6  
Biodegradability: Easily biodegradable - Test: N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - %: N.A. - Notes: N.A.  
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6  
Biodegradability: Easily biodegradable - Test: N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - %: N.A. - Notes: N.A.  
2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2  
Biodegradability: Easily biodegradable - Test: N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - %: N.A. - Notes: N.A.
- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential  
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6  
Bioaccumulation: Not bioaccumulative - Test: N.A. N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - Notes: N.A.  
2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2  
Bioaccumulation: Not bioaccumulative - Test: N.A. N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - Notes: N.A.
- 12.4. Mobility in soil  
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6  
Mobility in soil: Mobile - Test: N.A. N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - Notes: fast evaporating  
2-butoxyethanol; ethylene glycol monobutyl ether; butyl cellosolve - CAS: 111-76-2  
Mobility in soil: Mobile - Test: N.A. N.A. - Duration h: N.A. - Notes: N.A.
- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment  
vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None
- 12.6. Other adverse effects  
None

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- 13.1. Waste treatment methods  
Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION





## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

- 14.1. UN number  
ADR-UN Number: 1263  
IATA-UN Number: 1263  
IMDG-UN Number: 1263
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name  
ADR-Shipping Name: PAINT  
IATA-Shipping Name: PAINT  
IMDG-Shipping Name: PAINT
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)  
ADR-Class: 3  
ADR - Hazard identification number: 30  
IATA-Class: 3  
IATA-Label: 3  
IMDG-Class: 3
- 14.4. Packing group  
ADR-Packing Group: III  
IATA-Packing group: III  
IMDG-Packing group: III
- 14.5. Environmental hazards  
ADR-Environmental Pollutant: No  
IMDG-Marine pollutant: No
- 14.6. Special precautions for user  
ADR-Subsidiary risks: -  
ADR-S.P.: 163 367 640E 650  
ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (D/E)  
IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 355  
IATA-Subsidiary risks: -  
IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 366  
IATA-S.P.: A3 A72 A192  
IATA-ERG: 3L  
IMDG-EmS: F-E , S-E  
IMDG-Subsidiary risks: -  
IMDG-Stowage and handling: Category A  
IMDG-Segregation: -
- 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code  
N.A.

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture  
Dir. 67/548/EEC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances). Dir. 99/45/EEC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations). Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work). Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values); Dir. 2006/8/CE. Regulation (CE) n. 1907/2006 (REACH), Regulation (CE) n.1272/2008 (CLP), Regulation (CE) n.790/2009.  
Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 586.57 g/l  
Volatile CMR substances = 0.00 %  
Halogenated VOCs which are assigned the risk phrase R40 = 0.00 %  
Organic Carbon - C = 0.39

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions :  
Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)  
Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).  
Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):  
Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1  
Product belongs to category: P5c

15.2. Chemical safety assessment  
No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:  
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.  
H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.  
H228 Flammable solid.  
H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H373 May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H331 Toxic if inhaled.  
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.  
H301 Toxic if swallowed.  
H370 Causes damage to organs if inhaled, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Water-react. 2	2.12/2	Substance or mixture which in contact with water emits flammable gas, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	2.6/2	Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	2.6/3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
Flam. Sol. 1	2.7/1	Flammable solid, Category 1
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	3.10/1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2



## Safety Data Sheet

### BASE COARSE ALUMINIUM

Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
STOT SE 1	3.8/1	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 1
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
STOT RE 2	3.9/2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2	4.1/C2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	4.1/C3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification  
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients  
4. FIRST AID MEASURES  
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES  
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES  
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE  
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION  
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY  
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS  
SECTION 16: Other information

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities  
SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

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